



# **Example slides including lesson planning info**

**LOAFS structure  
+ homework assignment**

# Attention



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## LEAD-IN

### Instructions:

1'30 video with subtitles, follow instructions from the video

### Debriefing Q:

1-how many spotted the gorilla?

-> check if around 50% as presented in the research

2-from those who had spotted the gorilla, how many did see the player go out and the curtain changing color?

### Explanation:

Example of “**inattentional blindness**”

= failure to see something when we don't pay attention to it - selective focus + conscious effort

= when we pay attention to some things, we miss other things

Why? Attention is the first process involved in learning.

## Goals

*At the end of this presentation, you should be able to:*

- ▶ List the thinking skills that we want science and engineering students to develop
- ▶ Explain what cognitive processes are involved in problem solving
- ▶ Make the 4 steps of Polya's problem solving method explicit when you present solutions
- ▶ Define what is transfer and explain how it can be facilitated
- ▶ Help your students monitor their work by making them reflect on their learning

# Preparing for using a board



1. Prepare a one page **on-the-board summary presentation** of your thesis, thinking about structure and use of space
  
2. **Exchange** your page with your neighbor – without explaining the content – and give each other feedback:
  - ▶ Is the structure identifiable?
  - ▶ How is space used?

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## ACTIVE LEARNING example 1

### Think - 5 min.:

Think about your presentation from the afternoon:

- if on slides, prep a board version
- if already a board version, summarize and think about the structure and zones

Pretend your board is your A4 paper sheet, write down what you will write on the board

### Pair - 8 min.:

Exchange sheet with neighbor, don't explain

Give feedback on structure + use of space – cf. best practices slide as criteria

### Share – 3 min.:

Question: great practices you have seen from neighbor that you would like to “borrow”?

Conclusion:

- the process vs. the result
- Importance of preparing

# Asking reflection questions



Which questions could you ask to make students reflect:

- A. During lectures
- B. During exercise sessions
- C. During lab sessions
- D. During projects

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## ACTIVE LEARNING example 2

### Intro:

The example questions we have seen are very generic.

Reflection question can also be adapted to more specific contexts to help students monitor their learning e.g. identify steps in reasoning, identify important points in knowledge

Could you create examples of questions adapted to these different situations?

### Buzz groups with 4 groups, 1 situation per group

#### Phase 1 – collaborative work – 5 min.:

##### Instructions:

As a group design reflection questions which would be specific to this situation

It can help to think about particular examples, e.g. the exercises on kinematics you have supervised last week

Be ready to share your questions in plenum

#### Phase 2 – debriefing in plenum - 5 min.:

Prepare board with 4 situations

Ask each group a question in turn \* 3 times

Write examples on board

##### Check:

- Are the questions open
- Moment at which they are asked

## Check your learning



Draw the **model of the memory** presented in this talk:

List **practices that can be used** in lectures/presentations to:

1. Draw attention:
2. Make information processing easier:
3. Facilitate memorization:

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## FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT

2 minutes

Debriefing:

- Compare with the summary provided
- Link back to learning outcomes from the beginning
- Emphasize how it prepare for transfer (preparing for application)

## Summary



What are the 3 most important things you have learned during this session?

What strategy(-ies) do you want to try when presenting?

Is there anything you did not understand?

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1 minute

Debriefing: check if there are points not understood

# Homework assignment



Reflection question: What issues do you see in applying what you have learned in the lesson to your own teaching?

Practice:

1- Analyze your mini-lesson plan for tomorrow:

- ▶ Have you included learning outcomes?
- ▶ Have you included one learning activity?

2- Design 1 reflection question that you could include in your mini-lesson

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Instructions:

- Give deadline
- Concrete outcome upload on moodle